

# PAN

**PANCREA'TICK**. *adj.* [from *pancreas*.] Contained in the pancreas. In man and viviparous quadrupeds, the food moistened with the saliva is first chewed, then swallowed into the stomach, and so evacuated into the intestines, where being mixed with the choler and pancreatick juice, it is further subtilized, and easily finds its way in at the streight orifices of the lacteous veins. *Ray on the Creation.*

The bile is so acrid, that nature has furnished the pancreatic juice to temper its bitterness. *Arbutnot.*

**PAN'CY.** } *n. f.* [corrupted, I suppose, from *panacea*, *panacea*.] *Arbutnot.*  
A flower: a kind of violet.  
The daughters of the flood have search'd the mead  
For violets pale, and cropp'd the poppy's head;  
Pancies to please the sight, and cassia sweet to smell. *Dryd.*  
The real essence of gold is as impossible for us to know,  
as for a blind man to tell in what flower the colour of a  
*pancy* is, or is not to be found, whilst he has no idea of the  
colour of a *pancy*. *Locke.*

**PANDECT.** *n. f.* [*pandecta*, Latin.]  
1. A treatise that comprehends the whole of any science.  
It were to be wished, that the commons would form a  
*pandect* of their power and privileges, to be confirmed by the  
entire legislative authority. *Swift.*  
2. The digest of the civil law.

**PANDE'MICK.** *adj.* [*πᾶς* and *δῆμος*.] Incident to a whole  
people.

Those instances bring a consumption, under the notion of  
a *pandemic* or endemick, or rather vernacular disease to Eng-  
land. *Harvey on Consumptions.*

**PAN'DER.** *n. f.* [This word is derived from *Pandarus*, the pimp  
in the story of *Trilus* and *Cressida*; it was therefore originally  
written *pandar*, till its etymology was forgotten.] A pimp;  
a male bawd; a procurer.

Let him with his cap in hand,  
Like a base *pander*, hold the chamber door  
Whilst by a slave  
His fairest daughter is contaminated. *Shakefp. Hen. V.*  
If thou fear to strike, and to make me certain it is done,  
thou art the *pander* to her dishonour, and equally to me dis-  
loyal. *Shakefp. Cymbeline.*

If ever you prove false to one another, since I have taken  
such pains to bring you together, let all pitiful goers-between  
be call'd *panders* after my name. *Shakefp. Troil and Cressida.*  
Carnillo was his help in this, his *pander*,  
There is a plot against my life. *Shakefp. Wint. Tale.*  
The sons of happy Punks, the *pander's* heir,  
Are privileged

To clap the first, and rule the theatre. *Dryden.*  
Thou hast confest'd thyself the conscious *pandar*  
Of that pretended passion;  
A single witness infamously known,  
Against two persons of unquestion'd fame. *Dryden.*  
My obedient honesty was made  
The *pander* to thy lust and black ambition. *Rowe.*

To PA'NDER. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To pimp; to be sub-  
servient to lust or passion.  
Proclaim no shame,  
When the compulsive ardour gives the charge,  
Since first itself as actively doth burn,  
And reason *panders* will. *Shakefp. Hamlet.*

PA'NDERLY. *adj.* [from *pander*.] Pimping; pimplike.  
Oh you *panderly* rascals! there's a conspiracy against me.  
*Shakefp. Merry Wives of Windsor.*

**PANDICULA'TION.** *n. f.* [*pandiculans*, Lat.] The restlessness,  
stretching, and uneasiness that usually accompany the cold  
fits of an intermitting fever.  
Windy spirits, for want of a due volatilization, produce  
in the nerves a *pandiculation*, or oscitation, or stupor, or  
cramp in the muscles. *Floyer on the Humours.*

**PANE.** *n. f.* [*paneau*, French.]  
1. A square of glass.  
The letters appear'd reverse thro' the *pane*,  
But in Stella's bright eyes they were plac'd right again. *Sw.*  
The face of Eleanor owes more to that single *pane* than  
to all the glasses she ever consulted. *Pope's Letters.*

2. A piece mixed in variegated works with other pieces.  
Him all repute  
For his device in handfoming a suit,  
To judge of lace, pink, *panes*, print, and plait,  
Of all the court to have the best conceit. *Donne.*

**PANEGY'RICK.** *n. f.* [*panegyrius*, Fr. *πανηγυρικός*.] An  
eulogy; an encomiastick piece.  
The Athenians met at the sepulchres of those who were  
slain at Marathon, and there made *panegyrics* upon them.  
*Stillington.*

That which is a satire to other men must be a *panegyrick*  
to your lordship.  
As he continues the exercises of these eminent virtues, he  
may be one of the greatest men that our age has bred; and  
leave materials for a *panegyrick*, not unworthy the pen of  
some future Pliny. *Prior.*

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**PANEGY'RIST.** *n. f.* [from *panegyric*; *panegyriste*, Fr.] One  
that writes praise; encomiast.

Add these few lines out of a far more ancient *panegyrist* in  
the time of Constantine the great.

**PAN'EL.** *n. f.* [*panellum*, law Latin; *paneau*, French.]  
1. A square, or piece of any matter inferted between other  
bodies.  
The chariot was all of cedar, fave that the fore end had  
*panels* of sapphires, set in borders of gold. *Bacon.*  
Maximilian, his whole history is digested into twenty-four  
square *panels* of sculpture in bas relief. *Addison's Italy.*

This fellow will join you together as they join waincoat;  
then one of you will prove a shrunken *panel*, and, like green  
timber, warp.  
A bungler thus, who scarce the nail can hit,  
With driving wrong will make the *panel* split. *Swift.*  
He gave the *panel* to the maid. *Prior.*

2. [*Panel*, *panellum*, Lat. of the French, *panne*, id est, *pellis* or  
*panneau*, a piece or pane in English.] A schedule or roll,  
containing the names of such jurors, as the sheriff provides  
to pass upon a trial. And empanelling a jury, is nothing  
but the entering them into the sheriff's roll or book. *Cowd.*  
Then twelve of such are indifferent, and are returned  
upon the principal *panel*, or the tales, are sworn to try the  
same, according to evidence. *Hale's Hist. of England.*

**PANG.** *n. f.* [either from *pain*, or *bang*, Dutch, *uncasfy*.]  
Extreme pain; sudden paroxysm of torment.  
Say, that some lady  
Hath for your love as great a *pang* of heart,  
As you have for Olivia. *Shakefp. Twelfth Night.*  
See how the *pangs* of death do make him grin! *Shak.*  
Suff'rance made

Almost each *pang* a death. *Shakefp. Hen. VIII.*  
Earth trembl'd from her entrails, as again  
In *pangs*; and nature gave a second groan. *Milt. Par. Lost.*  
Juno pitying her disastrous fate,  
Sends Iris down, her *pangs* to mitigate. *Denham.*  
My own advance  
Still in new impudence, new ignorance.  
Success let others teach, learn thou from me  
*Pangs* without birth, and fruitless industry. *Dryden.*

I will give way  
To all the *pangs* and fury of despair. *Addison.*  
I saw the hoary traitor  
Grin in the *pangs* of death, and bite the ground. *Addison.*  
Ah! come not, write not, think not once of me,  
Nor share one *pang* of all I felt for thee. *Pope.*

To PANG. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To torment cruelly.  
If fortune divorce  
It from the bearer; 'tis a full'rance *panging*,  
As soul and bodies parting. *Shakefp.*  
I grieve myself  
To think, when thou shalt be disfig'd by her,  
Whom now thou tirst on, how thy memory  
Will then be *pang'd* by me. *Shakefp.*

**PAN'ICK.** *adj.* [from *pan*, groundless fears being supposed to be  
sent by *pan*.] Violent without cause.  
The sudden stir and *panical* fear, when chanceler was  
carried away by reynard. *Camden's Remains.*  
Which many respect to be but a *panick* terror, and men  
do fear, they justly know not what. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*  
I left the city in a *panick* fright;  
Lions they are in council, lambs in fight. *Dryden.*

**PAN'ADE.** *n. f.* The curvet of a horse. *Anglo-Sax.*  
**PAN'NEL.** *n. f.* [*pannel*, Dutch; *panneau*, French.] A kind of  
rustick saddle.  
A *pannel* and wanty, pack-saddle and ped,  
With line to fetch litter, and halters for hed. *Tass.*  
His strutting ribs on both sides show'd,  
Like furrows he himself had plow'd;  
For underneath the skirt of *pannel*,  
'Twixt every two there was a channel. *Hudibras.*

**PAN'NEL.** *n. f.* The stomach of a hawk. *Anglo-Sax.*  
**PAN'NNICLE.** } *n. f.* A plant.  
**PAN'NNICK.** } *n. f.* A plant.

The *pannicle* is a plant of the millet kind, differing from  
that, by the disposition of the flowers and seeds, which,  
of this, grow in a close thick spike: It is sowed in several parts  
of Europe, in the fields, as corn for the sustenance of the in-  
habitants; it is frequently used in particular places of Ger-  
many to make bread. *Miller.*

September is drawn with a cheerful countenance; in his  
left hand a handful of millet, oats, and *pannicle*. *Peckham.*  
*Pannick* affords a soft demulent nourishment. *Arbut.*  
**PANN'ER.** *n. f.* [*panier*, French.] A basket; a wicker vessel,  
in which fruit, or other things, are carried on a horse.  
The worsted brute  
Turns a mill, or drags a loaded life, *Dryden.*  
Beneath two *panniers*, and a baker's wife,  
We have resolved to take away their whole club in a pair  
of *panniers*, and imprison them in a cupboard. *Addison.*

# PAN

**PAN'PLY.** *n. f.* [*πανοπλία*.] Complete armour.  
In arms they stood  
Of golden *panoply*, resplendent host!  
Soon banded. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*  
We had need to take the christian *panoply*, to put on the  
whole armour of God. *Ray on the Creation.*

To PANT. *v. n.* [*panter*, old French.]  
1. To palpitate; to beat as the heart in sudden terror, or after  
hard labour.  
Yet might her piteous heart be seen to *pant* and quake. *Fairy Queen.*

Below the bottom of the great abyss,  
There where one centre reconciles all things,  
The world's profound heart pants. *Craftsman.*  
If I am to lose by fight the lost *panings*, which I have al-  
ways felt, when I heard your voice, pull out these eyes before  
they lead me to be ungrateful. *Tatler.*

2. To have the breath heaving, as for want of breath.  
Pluto pants for breath from out his cell,  
And opens wide the grinning jaws of hell. *Dryden.*  
3. To play with intermission.  
The whisp'ring breeze  
Pants on the leaves, and dies upon the trees. *Pope.*

4. To long; to wish earnestly.  
They *pant* after the dust of the earth, on the head of the  
poor. *Amos ii. 7.*  
Who pants for glory, finds but short repose,  
A breath revives him, and a breath o'erthrows. *Pope.*

**PANT.** *n. f.* [from the verb.] Palpitation; motion of the heart.  
Leap thou, attire and all,  
Through proof of harness, to my heart, and there  
Ride on the *pants* triumphing. *Shakefp.*

**PANTALON.** *n. f.* [*pantalon*, French.] A man's garment  
anciently worn, in which the breeches and stockings were  
all of a piece. *Hammer.*  
The sixth age shifts  
Into the lean and slipper'd *pantalon*,  
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side. *Shakefp.*

The French we conquer'd once,  
Now give us laws for *pantalons*,  
The length of breeches and the gathers. *Hudibras.*  
**PANTESS.** *n. f.* The difficulty of breathing in a hawk. *Ains.*  
**PANTHE'ON.** *n. f.* [*πᾶνθεον*.] A temple of all the gods.  
**PANTHER.** *n. f.* [*πανθήρ*, *panthera*, Lat. *panthera*, Fr.] A  
spotted wild beast; a lynx; a pard.

Au it please your majesty,  
To hunt the *panther* and the hart with me,  
With horn and hound. *Shakefp.*  
Pan, or the universal, is painted with a goat's face, about  
his shoulders a *panther's* skin. *Peachment.*  
The *panther's* speckled hide,  
Flow'd o'er his armour with an easy pride. *Pope.*

**PAN'TILE.** *n. f.* A gutter tile.  
**PAN'TINGLY.** *adv.* [from *paning*.] With palpitation.  
She heav'd the name of father  
Pantingly forth, as if it prest her heart. *Shakefp.*  
**PAN'TLER.** *n. f.* [*panter*, French.] The officer in a great  
family, who keeps the bread. *Hammer.*

When my old wife liv'd,  
She was both *panter*, butler, cook. *Shakefp.*  
He would have made a good *panter*, he would have chipped  
bread well. *Shakefp. Henry IV.*  
**PAN'TOLE.** *n. f.* [*panstole*, French; *panstola*, Italian.] A  
slipper.

Melpomene has on her feet, her high cothurn or tragick  
*panstoles* of red velvet and gold, beset with pearls. *Peachment.*  
**PAN'TOMIME.** *n. f.* [*πᾶς* and *μῖμος*; *pantomime*, Fr.]  
1. One who has the power of universal mimicry; one who  
expresses his meaning by mute action; a buffoon.  
Not that I think those *pantomimes*,  
Who vary action with the times,  
Are less ingenious in their art,  
Than those who duly act one part. *Hudibras.*

2. A scene; a tale exhibited only in gesture and dumb-show.  
He put off the representation of *pantomimes* till late hours,  
on market-days.  
Exulting folly hail'd the joyful day,  
And *pantomime* and song confirm'd her sway. *Anon.*  
**PANTON.** *n. f.* A shoe contrived to recover a narrow and  
hoof-bound heel. *Farrier's Dict.*  
**PANTRY.** *n. f.* [*panterie*, Fr. *panarium*, Lat.] The room in  
which provisions are repofited.  
The Italian artizans distribute the kitchen, *pantry*, bake-  
house under ground. *Wotton's Architecture.*  
What work would they make in the *pantry* and the larder.

He shuts himself up in the *pantry* with an old giply, once  
in a twelvemonth. *Addison's Spect.*  
**PAP.** *n. f.* [*papa*, Italian; *pappe*, Dutch; *papilla*, Latin.]  
1. The nipple; the dug sucked.  
Some were so from their source endu'd,  
By great dame nature, from whose fruitful *pap*,  
Their well-heads spring. *Fairy Queen.*

# PAP

**PAP.** *n. f.* [*papa*, Latin.] A fond name for father,  
used in many languages.  
Where there are little masters and misses in a house, bribe  
them, that they may not tell tales to *papa* and mamma. *Swift.*

**PAPA'CY.** *n. f.* [*papat*, *papauté*, Fr. from *papa*, the pope.]  
popedom; office and dignity of bishops of Rome.  
Now there is ascended to the *papacy* a personage, that though  
he loves the chair of the *papacy* well, yet he loveth the car-  
pet above the chair. *Bacon.*

**PAPA'L.** *adj.* [*papal*, French.] Popish; belonging to the pope;  
annexed to the bishoprick of Rome.  
The pope released Philip from the oath, by which he  
was bound to maintain the privileges of the Netherlands; this  
*papal* indulgence hath been the cause of so many hundred  
thousands slain. *Kaleig.*

**PAPA'W.** *n. f.* [*papaya*, low Lat. *papaya*, *papayer*, Fr.]  
The *papaw* hath a simple stalk; the flowers are male and  
female in different plants: the male flowers, which are bar-  
ren, are tubulous, consisting of one leaf, and expand in form  
of a star: the female flowers consist of several leaves, which  
expand in form of a rose, out of whose flower-cup rises the  
pointal, which afterwards becomes fleshy fruit, shaped like a  
cucumber or melon. *Miller.*

The fair *papaw*,  
Now but a seed, preventing nature's law,  
In half the circle of the hasty year,  
Projects a shade, and lovely fruits does wear. *Waller.*

**PAPA'VEROUS.** *adj.* [*papaverous*, from *papaver*, Lat. a poppy.]  
Resembling poppies.  
Mandrakes afford a *papaverous* and unpleasant odour, whe-  
ther in the leaf or apple. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

**PAP'ER.** *n. f.* [*papier*, French; *papyrus*, Latin.]  
1. Substance on which men write and print; made by macerating  
linen rags in water, and then spreading them in thin sheets.  
I have seen her unlock her closet, take forth *paper*. *Shake.*

2. Piece of paper.  
'Tis as impossible to draw regular characters on a trembling  
mind, as on a shaking *paper*. *Locke on Education.*  
3. Single sheet printed, or written. It is used particularly of essays  
or journals, or any thing printed on a sheet. [*Feuille volante.*]  
What see you in those *papers*, that you lose  
So much complexion? look ye how they change!  
Their cheeks are *paper*. *Shakefp. Hen. V.*

Nothing is of more credit or request, than a petulant *paper*,  
or scoffing verses.  
They brought a *paper* to me to be sign'd.  
Do the prints and *papers* lie? *Swift.*

**PAP'ER.** *adj.* Any thing slight or thin.  
There is but a thin *paper* wall between great discoveries  
and a perfect ignorance of them. *Burnet.*

To PA'PER. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To register.  
He makes up the file  
Of all the gentry: and his own letter  
Must fetch in him he *papers*. *Shakefp. Hen. VIII.*

**PAP'ERMAKER.** *n. f.* [*paper* and *make*.] One who makes paper.  
**PAP'ERMILL.** *n. f.* [*paper* and *mill*.] A mill in which rags are  
ground for paper.  
Thou hast caused printing to be used; and contrary to the  
king, and his dignity, thou hast built a *paper-mill*. *Shakefp.*

**PAPESCENT.** *adj.* Containing pap; inclinable to pap.  
Demulcent, and of easy digestion, moistening and resol-  
vent of the bile, are vegetable *papes*; as honey, and the  
juices of ripe fruits, some of the cooling, lactescent, *papescent*  
plants; as cichory and lettuce. *Arbutnot on Aliments.*

**PAPILLIO.** *n. f.* [*Lat. papillon*, Fr.] A butterfly; a moth of  
various colours.  
Conjecture cannot estimate all the kinds of *papillos*, natives  
of this island, to fall short of three hundred. *Ray.*  
**PAPILIONA'CEOUS.** *adj.* [from *papilio*, Latin.]  
The flowers of some plants are called *papilionaceous* by bot-  
tanists, which represent something of the figure of a butterfly,  
with its wings displayed: and here the petala, or flower leaves,  
are always of a diform figure: they are four in number, but  
joined together at the extremities; one of these is usually  
larger than the rest, and is erected in the middle of the flower.  
19 C and